Judicial Counc	1 of the SECC	OND Circuit

COMPLAINT OF JUDICIAL MISCONDUCT OR DISABILITY

To begin the complaint process, complete this form and prepare the brief statement of facts described in item 4 (below). The Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings, adopted by the Judicial Conference of the United States, contain information on what to include in a complaint (Rule 6), where to file a complaint (Rule 7), and other important matters. The Rules are available in federal court clerks' offices, on individual federal courts' websites, and on www.uscourts.gov.

Your complaint (this form and the statement of facts) should be typewritten and must be legible. For the number of copies to file, consult the local rules or clerk's office of the court in which your complaint is required to be filed. Enclose each copy of the complaint in an envelope marked "COMPLAINT OF MISCONDUCT" or "COMPLAINT OF DISABILITY" and submit it to the appropriate clerk of court. **Do not put the name of any judge on the envelope**.

1.	Name of Complainant:	RICHARD ARJUN KAUL/DAVID BASCH	
	Contact Address:	440c SOMERSET DRIVE, PEARL RIVER	
		NY, 10965	
	Daytime telephone:	(973) 876 2877	
2.	Name(s) of Judge(s):	JAMES PAUL OETKEN	
	Court:	SDNY	
3.	Does this complaint concern the behavior of the judge(s) in a particular lawsuit lawsuits? Yes No		
	If "ves." give the following	information about each lawsuit:	
	Court: SDN		
		CV-06992	
	Docket number of any appe	al to the N/A Circuit: N/A	
	Are (were) you a party or la	wyer in the lawsuit?	
	Party [Lawyer Neither	

If you are (were) a party and have (had) a lawyer, give the lawyer telephone number:	er's name, address, and
N/A	

4. Brief Statement of Facts. Attach a brief statement of the specific facts on which the claim of judicial misconduct or disability is based. Include what happened, when and where it happened, and any information that would help an investigator check the facts. If the complaint alleges judicial disability, also include any additional facts that form the basis of that allegation.

5. Declaration and signature:

I declare under penalty of perjury that the statements made in this complaint are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

(Signature) PKI - RICHARD ARDIN KAN (Date) NOVEMBER 18, 2022

STATEMENT OF FACTS

This complaint is filed under the Judicial Conduct and Disability Act of 1980, 28 U.S.C. §§ 351-364 and the Rules for Judicial-Conduct and Judicial-Disability Proceedings, 249 F.R.D. 662 (U.S. Jud. Conf. 2008), and asserts that pursuant to the standard set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(iii); Rule 11(c)(1)(D) the within evidence proves and or at least raises an inference that U.S.D.J. James Paul Oetken did commit judicial misconduct, at a point in time between August 19, 2021, and September 12, 2022, in the matter of Kaul/Basch v ICE et al (21-CV-06992).

The evidence includes the tacit admissions by U.S.D.J. Oetken of bribery, conspiracy and exparte communications, who despite recognizing his legal obligations to disclose his financial holdings and exparte communications, has failed to submit this information, a fact that satisfies the 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(iii); Rule 11(c)(1)(D) inference standard of judicial misconduct. This council has the jurisdiction and authority to order the disclosure of this information, and have definitively addressed the issue of misconduct. However, the Plaintiffs respectfully assert that if this council elects not to compel disclosure, the law will interpret non-election as a finding of misconduct.

The misconduct (bribery/conspiracy/exparte communications) was perpetrated within the State of New York, but this is not the first case in which U.S.D.J. Oetken has engaged in such acts. There exists a "pattern" within his case history of always ruling in favor of corporations, and in those cases in which all the litigants were corporations, he always ruled in favor of the largest corporation. An investigation could commence with a closer examination of this "pattern", and a comparison with the financial holdings (stocks/bonds/shares) of U.S.D.J. Oetken in relation to the corporations in whose favor he ruled. This was one of the methods used by journalists at the Wall Street Journal, in researching their September 2021 stories on corruption in the federal judiciary.

This complaint is based not on the merits of U.S.D.J.'s opinion, but on an admitted fraud committed against the apparatus of justice, and does therefore not lie pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 352(b)(1)(A)(ii); Rule 3(h)(3)(A). The Plaintiffs' decision not to appeal the order, pertains to the tardiness of the procedure inherent in attempting to raise on appeal the issue of 'Fraud on the Court', and is without effect as to the Plaintiffs' position that U.S.D.J.'s opinion is factually/legally erroneous. Similarly, to have appealed the order, as suggested by U.S.D.J. Oetken, would have constituted an admission of the legitimacy of the order and would have foreclosed this council from investigating this complaint, a fact known by U.S.D.J. Oetken. This tactic evidences U.S.D.J.'s wrongful state-of-mind, in that had he known he had not committed misconduct, he would not have attempted to coerce the filing of an appeal. It was the intention of U.S.D.J. Oetken to attempt to permanently foreclose the Plaintiffs from seeking recompense in the United States District Court, by directing the case into the appellate court, knowing that this process would be lengthy and likely would conceal his misconduct.

We declare under penalty of perjury that the statements made in this complaint are true and correct to the best of our knowledge.

RICHARD ARJUN KAUL, MD

DAVID B. BASCH, MD

Date: November 18, 2022